

ABSTRAK

Tesis ini berjudul “Embedded Clauses as Qualifier of something: A Functional Grammar Approach” Tesis ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis dan mendeskripsikan struktur dan makna klausa-klausa yang berfungsi sebagai elemen postmodifikasi kata something atau Qualifier serta hubungan logika-semantis-nya.

Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan teori Functional Grammar. Analisis dilakukan dengan menguraikan ideational structure dari nominal group something + embedded clause. Ideational structure terdiri dari logical dan experiential structure. Kemudian hubungan logika-semantik antara embedded clauses dengan kata something dianalisis dan dideskripsikan dengan mengungkap tipenya. Dari seratus delapan data yang diperoleh dari British National Corpus penulis memilih tiga puluh lima data sebagai sample untuk dianalisis dan dideskripsikan.

Peneliti menganalisa dan mendeskripsikan setiap data tersebut sesuai dengan teori Functional Grammar Halliday and Matthiessen (2004), Bloor and Bloor (2004), Martin, Matthiessen and Painter (1997), Lock (1996), Thompson (1996), Gerot and Wignell (1995), Eggins (1994), and Butt, et. al (1993). Dari hasil analisis dan deskripsi data terlihat bahwa embedded clauses yang berfungsi sebagai Qualifier dari something terdiri dari finite clause tanpa relative marker dan dengan relative marker that, which dan where serta non-finite clause to infinitive, past participle (V-ed) dan present participle (V-ing). Tidak ditemukan data yang mengandung non-finite clause dengan tipe bare infinitive. Sementara dari sisi logico-semantic terlihat bahwa Elaboration, sebuah sub-tipe dari Expansion mendominasi pola hubungan makna embedded clause dengan kata Head-nya, yaitu something. Secara singkat dapat dikatakan bahwa embedded clause sebagai Qualifier berfungsi memberi spesifikasi dan eksemplifikasi informasi kepada Head word, something.

Kata kunci: embedded clause, Qualifier, nominal group.

ABSTRACT

*This thesis entitled “**Embedded Clauses as Qualifier of something: A Functional Grammar Approach**” The objective of this research is to analyse and describe structure and meaning of clauses that function as postmodifying element or Qualifier of the word something and furthermore to analyse and describe their logico-semantic relations.*

This research uses Functional Grammar approach. Analysis was conducted by describing the ideational structure of nominal group something + embedded clause. Ideational structure consists of logical and experiential structures. Then the logico-semantic relation between something and the embedded clauses was analysed and described by revealing its types. From the total of one hundred and eight data obtained from the British National Corpus the writer chose thirty five data as sample to be analysed and described.

The thirty five data then were analysed and describe using the theory of Functional Grammar of Halliday and Matthiessen (2004), Bloor and Bloor (2004), Martin, Matthiessen and Painter (1997), Lock (1996), Thompson (1996), Gerot and Wignell (1995), Eggins (1994), and Butt, et. al (1993). The result showed that embedded clauses that function as Qualifier of something consist of finite clause without relative marker, with relative marker that, which and where as well as non-finite clauses of to infinitive, past participle (V-ed) dan present participle (V-ing). Meanwhile non-finite clause of bare infinitive type did not occur in the obtained data. From the logico-semantic relations analyses, the Elaboration, a sub-type of Expansion dominated the pattern of relationship between embedded clauses and the headword something and it was done through specifying in great detail and exemplifications.

Keywords: embedded clause, Qualifier, nominal group.