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▼ **Family life education in Schools: An investigation on Parents' attitude in Tamil Nadu**
S. Gayathri and Dr. A. K. Ravisankar

Abstract: In this paper an attempt is made to assess parents' attitude towards offering of sexuality education at schools. The study was conducted during 2016 in five districts of Tamil Nadu. Totally 529 respondents were interviewed. A multistage sampling method was adopted to select the target population - ever married couples living with at least one child in the age group of 13-19 years. In the study area majority of the study population had the opinion to introduce the family life education to the students however the female respondents little more favour to introduce the sexuality education for students than the male respondents. It also noticed that among the religious groups, Muslims less favoured to teach sexuality education for students. Irrespective of the respondents' background condition majority of them were favoured to introduce family life education. Hence it is recommended that the teaching of sexuality education in schools should be made compulsory at national level. However it should be age appropriate and culturally sensitive keeping with the current SRHR needs of young people in India.

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▼ **THE INFLUENCE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE ON PROFITABILITY**
Herawanto, ErnieIshnawatiSule, Maman Kusman, Nury Effendi

Abstract: This study aims to examine the influence of Corporate Governance and Ownership Structure on the profitability of Indonesian Banking. The method used is explanatory. The population of this research is banking companies listed on the Indonesian Stock Exchange in 2008-2015. The purposive sampling method is used in the selection of samples to obtain a sample of 28 banking companies with total observations of 224 observational data for 4 years. Based on the hypothesis testing, the result shows that simultaneously Independent Audit Committee, Independent Commissioner and Foreign Ownership affect on profitability (ROA) of the banking industry with the influence 30.25% while the rest of 69.75% influenced by other variable not included in this model. Based on partial hypothesis testing show that partially Independent Audit Committee does not affect on Profitability (ROA) while Independent Commissioner and Foreign Ownership have partial influence to Profitability (ROA) of banking industry.

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THE INFLUENCE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE ON PROFITABILITY

Herawanto, ErnieTisnawatiSule, Maman Kusman,Nury Effendi

Abstract: This study aims to examine the influence of Corporate Governance and Ownership Structure on the profitability of Indonesian Banking. The method used is explanatory. The population of this research is banking companies listed on the Indonesian Stock Exchange in 2008-2015. The purposive sampling method is used in the selection of samples to obtain a sample of 28 banking companies with total observations of 224 observational data for 4 years. Based on the hypothesis testing, the result shows that simultaneously Independent Audit Committee, Independent Commissioner and Foreign Ownership affect on profitability (ROA) of the banking industry with the influence 30.25% while the rest of 69.75% influenced by other variable not included in this model. Based on partial hypothesis testing show that partially Independent Audit Committee does not affect on Profitability (ROA) while Independent Commissioner and Foreign Ownership have partial influence to Profitability (ROA) of banking industry.

Keywords: *Corporate Governance, Ownership Structure, Profitability*

Introduction

To invest in industries in Indonesia, the financial performance of a company is generally viewed in terms of profitability. Investors basically seek profit from the increase in investment (capital gains) and from the profit gained from the business, so that the level of profitability makes an industry has a strong appeal to investors.

Profitability of a company is reflected in its return on assets (ROA) ratio. The ROA achieved by the national banking industry has been down to 4.2% (2014) from 4.9% (2013) as reported in LPI 2014 as it is overshadowed by the dynamics of the global economy and slowing domestic economic growth before it becomes 5.3 % (2015) as reported in LKOJK 2015. Although this figure remains relatively high, especially when compared to similar industries in ASEAN and other countries.

Corporate governance explains the relationship between the various participants in the company that determine the direction of the company's performance. According to Nasution and Setiawan (2007), corporate governance is a framework in improving corporate performance through supervision or monitoring of management performance and ensuring accountability of management to stakeholders by basing on the regulatory framework. Corporate governance is realized in order to achieve a more transparent corporate management for all users of financial statements.

Company performance, in this case is profitability, would be good if the company is able to control the behavior of top executives to protect the interests of the company owner (shareholder), one of them through the existence of audit committee. The audit committee is expected to be able to oversee the financial statements, external audits and the internal control system in accordance with the Decree of the Minister of State-Owned Enterprises No. 117 / MMBU / 2002. To meet the Good Corporate Governance guidelines to maintain the independence and effective, appropriate as well as fast decision making, the company must have an independent commissioner at least 30% (thirty percent) of the total members of the board of commissioners (Pratiwi, 2010). As a result, the role of independent board of commissioners can improve the quality of earnings by limiting the level of earnings management through the monitoring function of financial reporting.

According to Wahyudi and Pawesti (2006), ownership structure is able to influence the course of the company which ultimately affects the company's performance in achieving the company's goal that is to maximize the enterprise value. Ownership structure in Indonesia has different characteristics with